### APPENDIX G

# CUP APPLICATION for the MORGAN FAMILY GRAVEL PIT

Gallatin County

**July 2008** 

# Traffic Impact Study, TIS Update & MDT Recommendations



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### TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

### **FOR THE**

### MORGAN FAMILY, LLC GRAVEL PIT

### GALLATIN GATEWAY, MONTANA

February 2008

### Prepared For:

TMC, Inc. 22540 Frontage Road PO Box 69 Belgrade, MT 59714-0069



### Prepared By:

Morrison-Maierle, Inc. 901 Technology Boulevard Bozeman, MT 59718 Phone: (406) 587-0721 Fax: (406) 922-6702

MMI Project No. 2850.008.010.0310

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### TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

FOR THE

## MORGAN FAMILY, LLC GRAVEL PIT



An Employee-Owned Company



### INTRODUCTION

This traffic assessment summarizes the potential impacts from the Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit proposed to be located in Gallatin Gateway, Montana. The information presented in this report is intended to evaluate the safety and operational aspects of the transportation system in the area of the proposed gravel pit under existing conditions as well as with estimated impacts. Study recommendations and conclusions are intended to provide guidance with respect to the short- and long-term function of the proposed site access and the area transportation system.

### PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

### Land Use and Intensity

The proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit would encompass an area of approximately 53 acres. As included in the *Opencul Mining Permit Application* that was submitted to the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), the proposed mine would be for the excavation of sand and gravel. It is estimated that the maximum depth of mining would be 25 feet, generating an estimated 1,450,000 cubic yards (CY) of material over a 10 year period. For permitting purposes, this is approximately the maximum amount of material that could potentially be generated by the mining operations.

There is an existing residence on the property that will remain in use as long as it does not interfere with the mine operation. It is assumed that the residential use will cease to exist during the life of the mine; however, the current traffic associated with the residence (which is reflected in the current daily traffic volumes) will be included in the traffic assessment of the proposed gravel pit.

### Location

The proposed gravel pit is located in Gallatin County, Montana near Gallatin Gateway in the southeast quarter of Section 35, Township 2 South, Range 4 East, Principal Meridian of Montana. Generally, the property is bordered by Gallatin Road (US 191) to the west and agricultural lands to the north, south, and east. The site location is depicted in Figure 1 on the following page.



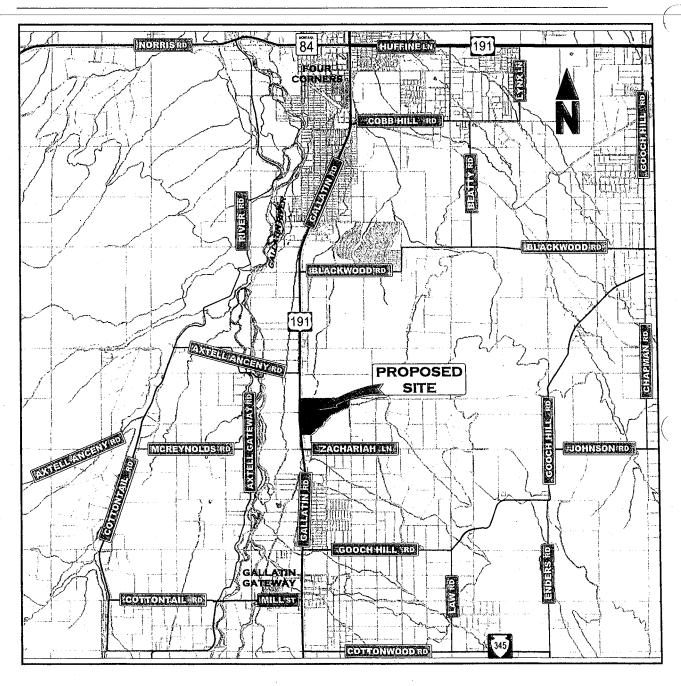


Figure 1 Site Location



### Site Plan

As stated previously, the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit would encompass an area of approximately 53 acres. The mine would be served by a single roadway that is proposed to be approximately 24 feet wide. Access would be provided from Gallatin Road (US 191) to the west, which would be designed to accommodate a WB-67 (interstate tractor-semitrailer truck combination having an approximate wheelbase of 65 feet) design vehicle. The roadway would have a paved surface from its intersection with Gallatin Road a distance of approximately 100 feet and would then transition to a gravel surface. The proposed site layout is shown in Figure 2 on the following page.

### Zoning

The proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit is not currently located within a Gallatin County zoning district. However, the site is located within the proposed Gallatin Gateway Community Planning Area. As noted by the Gallatin County Planning Department, permanent zoning regulations may be enacted for this area in the future upon adoption of a neighborhood plan by the Gallatin County Commission.

### **Development Horizon**

Under the current opencut mining plan as submitted to DEQ, the gravel pit is estimated to operate over the course of the next 10 years. It is proposed to be developed in three phases, with the first phase encompassing approximately 18.43 acres. Phases 2 and 3 would cover an estimated area of 27.30 acres.

### **EXISTING AREA CONDITIONS**

### Area of Significant Transportation Impact

The transportation impacts from a development are largely dependant on its location and size as well as the characteristics of the surrounding transportation system. Because the proposed gravel pit will generate a small volume of traffic (<100 peak hour trips), this assessment will focus on the function of the proposed site access to Gallatin Road.

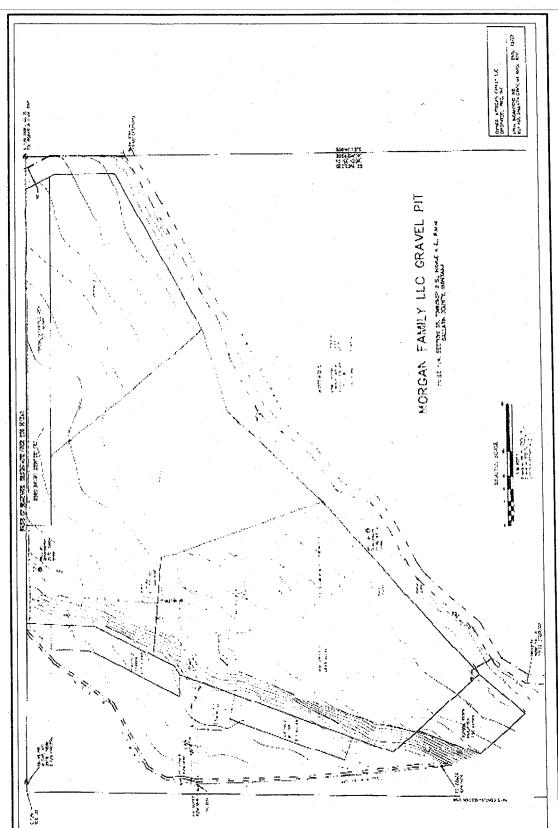


Figure 2 Site Layout



### Site Accessibility

### Area Roadway System

The development could have potential impacts to Gallatin Road (US 191) at its intersection with the proposed site access. Gallatin Road is a National Highway System (NHS) route (N-50) and is under the jurisdiction of the Montana Department of Transportation (MDT). It is classified as a principal arterial roadway by the *Greater Bozeman Area Transportation Plan Year 2001 Update* (Robert Peccia & Associates, June 2001) and a rural principal arterial under the MDT classification system. It serves as a major commuter route between Big Sky, Gallatin Gateway, and Bozeman. This route is used by recreational and tourism related traffic for access to Yellowstone National Park and freight transportation for access to Big Sky and West Yellowstone, Montana and areas south in Idaho, Wyoming, and Utah. Gallatin Road is currently a two-lane paved roadway adjacent to the site, having approximately 12-foot wide travel lanes in each direction. The posted speed limit adjacent to the site is 70 miles per hour (mph) during the day and 65 mph at night for passenger vehicles and 60 mph during the day and 55 mph at night for trucks.

The intersection of Gallatin Road and the existing residential access currently functions as a two-way stop controlled intersection with stop control on the access approach. This access is proposed to remain in use, having the same functionality with widening to accommodate truck traffic.

### Traffic Volumes

Intersection turning movement counts were conducted at the intersection of Gallatin Road and the existing residential access by Morrison-Maierle, Inc. on January 24, 2008. The counts found total entering volumes of 705 and 978 vehicles during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. The peak hours were found to occur between 7:45 and 8:45 a.m. and 4:45 and 5:45 p.m. The count data was adjusted for monthly variations using count factors generated by MDT for 2007 count data. Count factors for 2008 counts were not available at the time of this assessment. The count data is summarized in Figure 3 on the following page.



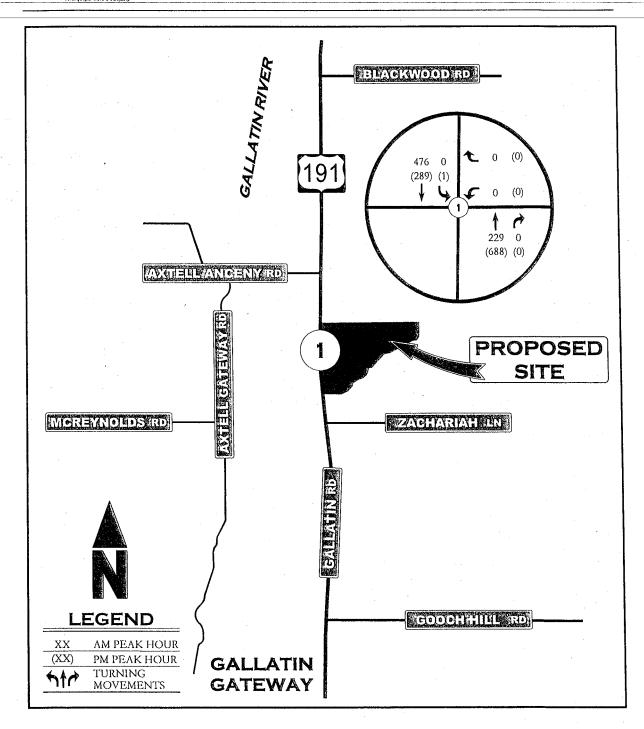


Figure 3 Current Daily Traffic Volumes



### PROJECTED TRAFFIC

### Site Traffic

### Trip Generation

One of the most important elements in assessing the traffic impacts associated with a new development is an accurate estimate of the traffic to be generated. There are a number of options available for estimating trip generation. *Trip Generation*, 7th Edition published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) does not provide trip generation data for a quarry, gravel pit, or other similar land use. Therefore, it was necessary to utilize alternative methods for determining the estimated site trip generation.

In order to develop a representative average of the truck trip generation for a gravel pit, this assessment evaluated a traffic impact study completed by the Crane Transportation Group (CTG) from San Francisco, California. CTG completed a traffic analysis for the Blue Rock and Canyon Rock Quarries in the County of Sonoma, California. CTG's analyses evaluated truck trip generation based on the annual production of the quarries. A representative portion of the annual extraction volume occurred during the month of October, which was the peak month of activity. Using this as the baseline and assuming that 14.2 CY of material was hauled by each truck, the data was analyzed for annual, monthly, weekly, and weekday variations to arrive at an average daily number of truck trips. Morrison-Maierle, Inc.'s analyses further determined an average weekday truck trip generation rate of 0.65 truck trips (Blue Rock Quarry) and 0.99 truck trips (Canyon Rock Quarry) per 1,000 CY of material extracted annually.

Kenai Engineering, Inc. provided truck load data for the Nuss Pit in Gallatin Gateway, Montana. This data included the total cubic yards of material hauled from the gravel pit on a monthly basis from October 2006 to September 2007. Similarly to CTG's study, the Nuss Pit data was analyzed and an average weekday truck trip generation rate of 0.76 truck trips per 1,000 CY of material extracted annually. An average of the rates from the three quarries determined a 90% confidence level truck average weekday truck trip generation rate of 0.97 truck trips per 1,000 CY of material extracted annually.



In order to determine trip generation during the AM and PM peak hours, it was necessary to evaluate the hourly traffic variations of the quarries during their hours of operation. Hourly data for the Nuss Pit was not available; however, data collected by Engineering, Inc. in September 2005 for the JTL-Belgrade Pit (Knife River Corporation) access in Belgrade, Montana was available. Analyzing data from the three sites, it was determined that AM peak hour trips represent approximately eight percent (8%) of the average weekday trips. PM peak hour trips represent an estimated six percent (6%) of the average weekday trips.

It is not estimated that customer traffic will represent a significant portion of the trip making characteristics of a gravel pit. However, employee related trips will comprise a portion of the gravel pit traffic. A maximum of seven (7) employees is estimated for the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit as provided in data from Kenai Engineering, Inc. Using assumed values of 1.3 employees per vehicle and three (3) trips per vehicle, employees are estimated to make 16 average weekday trips to and from the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit. It should be noted that the estimated number of employee trips is unique to this site and will vary from quarry to quarry depending on its employment characteristics. Detailed analyses of the trip generation rate determination and the trip generation calculations are provided in Appendix B. The estimated trip generation for the proposed gravel pit is summarized in the table below.

**Table 1 Estimated Site Traffic Generation** 

	·	Aver	age Wee	kday	AM	Peak H	our	PM	Peak F	Iour
Land Use	Units	Enter	Exit	Total	Enter	Exit	Total	Enter	Exit	Total
Gravel Pit	145	79	78	157	7	6	13	6	4	. 10
Totals	145	79	78	157	7	6	13	-6	4	10

### Trip Distribution

The estimated traffic generated by the development must be distributed and assigned in order to analyze the impacts on the roadway system and intersections within the study area. Various methods are available for estimating trip distribution, including the analogy, trip distribution model, area of influence, origin-destination (O-D), and surrogate data methods. This study utilizes the analogy method, which bases the trip distribution on existing travel patterns in the area. The trip distributions for the proposed gravel pit are shown in Figures 4 and 5 on the following page.



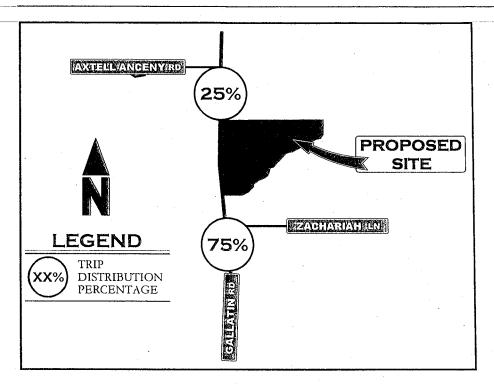


Figure 4 Directional Distribution of Site Truck Traffic

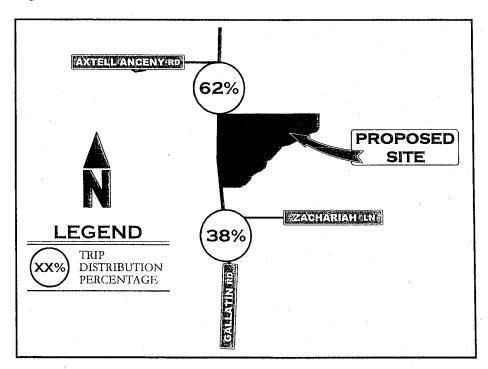


Figure 5 Directional Distribution of Site Employee Traffic



### Trip Assignment

The assignment of development related traffic provides the information necessary to determine the level of site related impacts to the area roadway system and intersections. It involves determining the volume of traffic and its movements along the roadway system and at area intersections. At a minimum, trip assignment must also consider route choice, how the existing transportation system functions, and travel times to and from the site. The resulting Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit site traffic assignment is shown in Figure 6.

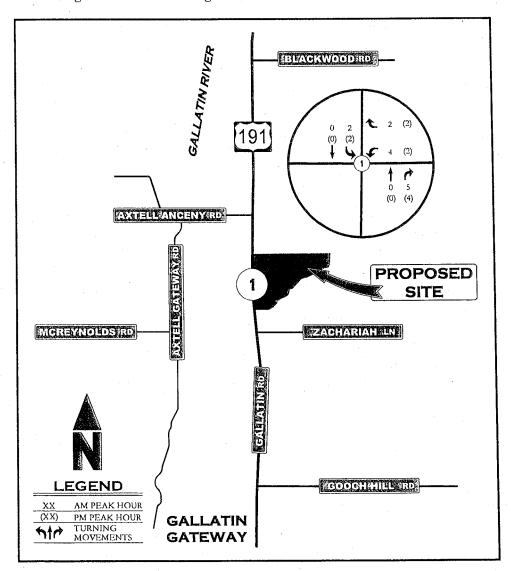


Figure 6 Site Traffic



### Total Traffic

Site-generated traffic is combined with existing traffic to establish the total traffic volumes that will be used in the analyses of intersection operations at the site access. The total estimated traffic at the study intersection is shown in Figure 7.

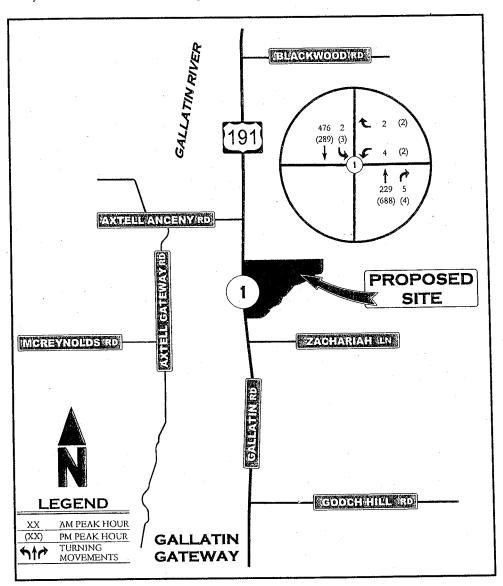


Figure 7 Total Traffic



### TRANSPORTATION ANALYSIS

### Capacity and Level of Service

Two-way stop control capacity and level of service analyses were performed for both existing conditions and with the addition of site generated traffic at the intersection of Gallatin Road with the proposed site access using Highway Capacity Software Plus, Version 5.21 (HCS+) developed and maintained by the McTrans Center at the University of Florida. The stop controlled intersection analyses are based on Chapter 17 of HCM 2000. Level of service (LOS) is the performance measure used to evaluate the cumulative effects of such things as travel speed, traffic volume, roadway and intersection geometry, and traffic interruptions. Operating conditions are designated as "LOS A" through "LOS F", which represents the most favorable to the least favorable operating conditions. The results of the capacity and level of services analyses are summarized in Table 2.

**Table 2 Intersection Operations Summary** 

		A	M Peak H	our	P	M Peak H	our
Intersection	Approach	Approach LOS	Delay (s/veh)	95% Queue Length (veh)	Approach LOS	Delay (s/veh)	95%Queue Length (veh)
Gallatin Road (US 191)	WB	No '	Vehicles Ob	served	No '	Vehicles Ob	served
& Site Access (Existing)	NB	А	-	-	А	· -	-
ce one riccess (Emsung)	SB	А	7.7	0.00	A	9.1	0.00
Gallatin Road (US 191)	WB	С	15.7	0.05	С	21.2	0.05
& Site Access (w/ Site)	NB	A	-	-	Λ	-	-
ex site recess (w/ site)	SB	А	8.8	0.01	В	11.1	0.02

### Site Access

The site access was evaluated for sight distance, approach geometry, and queue storage requirements. Sight distance is and would be acceptable at the proposed access. The level terrain in the area does not present any sight obstructions due to changes in grade, and there are no sight obstructions resulting from vegetation or other fixed objects adjacent to the roadway.

Because a majority of site generated traffic from the proposed gravel pit will consist of trucks, access to Gallatin Road would need to be designed to accommodate a WB-67 design vehicle. The proposed approach geometry is shown graphically in Figure 8 on the following page.



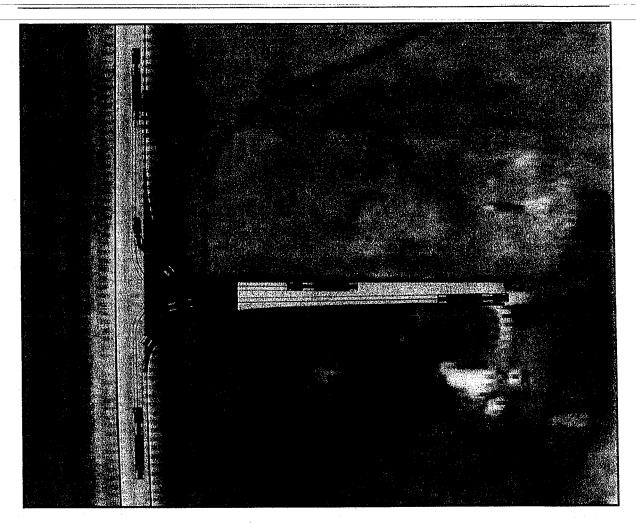


Figure 8 Proposed Site Access Geometry with WB-67 Design Vehicle

The site access was also evaluated for the need to include auxiliary turn lanes on Gallatin Road (US 191) to accommodate the estimated site traffic. A right-turn lane would not be justified because the estimated right-turn volume is less than absolute recommended minimum of 40 vehicles per hour as provided in Figure 13.3A of the MDT Road Design Manual (June 2006). An auxiliary left-turn lane is not recommended at this time for the following reasons: (1) The left turns during the AM and PM peak hours represent 0.42% and 1.03%, respectively, of the advancing volume on each approach, (2) the approaches would function at acceptable levels of service with the addition of site related traffic, and (3) there is more than adequate sight distance for vehicles approaching the intersection from the north or the south.



### **FINDINGS**

### **Transportation Impacts**

Based on the analyses included with this study, the addition of site generated traffic would have minimal impact to the area transportation system. The intersection of Gallatin Road and the site access would function at acceptable levels of service during both the AM and PM peak hours. Having adequate sight distance and relatively low site generated traffic, auxiliary turn lanes are not justified at this time. Therefore, no additional improvements would be necessary at the intersection.

### Compliance with Applicable Local Codes

MDT requires that approach permits be obtained for access to state maintained highways and roadways. The proposed access is subject to review and approval (for both location and design) by MDT.

### **CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Having no significant development related traffic impacts, the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit would not require any specific improvements to mitigate any traffic related impacts. The proposed access should be designed to accommodate a WB-67 design vehicle, and all traffic control improvements should be installed in accordance with MDT standards and the MUTCD.



### REFERENCES

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  <u>Update</u>. Bozeman, MT: City of Bozeman.
- 10. Stover, Vergil G. and Frank K. Koepke. (2002). <u>Transportation and Land Development</u>, 2<sup>nd</sup> <u>Edition</u>. Washington, DC: Institute of Transportation Engineers.
- 11. TMC, Inc. (October 2007). Opencut Mining Permit Application: Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit. Helena, MT: Montana Department of Environmental Quality.
- 12. Transportation Research Board. (2000). <u>Highway Capacity Manual 2000</u>. Washington, DC: Author.

# **APPENDIX A**

## TRAFFIC COUNT DATA





# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

1		The second second	Gallatin I	Stad (LIS	191) & M	Gallatin Road (IJS 191) & Morean Family, LLC Gravel Pit Access	nily, LLC	Gravel Pi	t Access			٠		
Incisection:					Gallatin	Gallatin County, Montana	fontana							
Date Count Performed.	Performed.				1	1/24/2008								
Count Time Period:	Period:				AM	AM Peak Penod	poi							
Seasonal Ad	Seasonal Adjustment Factor:	tor:				1.15								
1188915					Start	State Time					Approach		Peak Front	
	Movement	7.00	7:15	7.30	7.45	8:00	8:15	08:30	8:45	Total	%	7/6	Volume	4
	Γ	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0.00%	%00.0	, 0	0.0
	Ţ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0	0.0
tiY lə ədə m	R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0	0.0
	Ped	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0	0.0
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	~													
	Ped													
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	Ped	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%00.0	0.00%	0	0.0
Intersect	Intersection Totals	741	159	961	891	186	181	IX.	<b>5</b> P)	1306		100 lotes	<b>30</b> 2	9
Hourh	Hourh Volume				614	649	029	705	692	<b>A</b>				
		() () () () () ()	Service Control	10年の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の										



# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

	Intersection:	Location:	Date Count Performed:	Count Time Period:	Seasonal Adjustment Factor:	Street/ Kovel	3	t Accelera			T	_
			med:	ij	ent Fa	ment	, 1		~	<b>'</b> g	.,	
					ctor:	4:00	0	0	0	0		
	Gallatin					4.15	0	0	0	0		
	Road (US					4.30	0	0	0	0		
	3 191) & 1	Gallatir		PN		Start 4.45	0	0	0	0		
	vIorgan Fa	Gallatin County, Montana	1/24/2008	PM Peak Period	1.15		0	0	0	0		
	Gallatin Road (US 191) & Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit Access	Montana	8(	hoir		5:15	0	0	0	0		
	Cravel P					545   530   545	0	0	0	0		
	it Access					5/45	0	0	0	0		
•						Total	0	0	. 0	0		
						Approach Va	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0		
					•	Total.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
						A						

# **APPENDIX B**

# TRIP GENERATION DATA





### Blue Rock Quarry - Sonoma County, California

As provided in *Blue Rock Quarry Expansion: Draft Environmental Impact Report* prepared by Leonard Charles and Associates with contributions from the Crane Transportation Group (CTG) dated August 2005.

Determine Yearly Truck Trips	
Average Volume of Excavated Material Hauled from Quarry Annually	114,603 CY
Estimated Average Annual Truck Traffic (Assuming 14.2 CY/Truck and each truck that leaves	8,071 Trucks Entering
the quarry must also return.)	8,071 Trucks Exiting
Determine Monthly Truck Trips	
Truck Trips During the Month of October (Peak activity month at Blue Rock Quarry based on year 2000 sales. Monthly truck trips determined to be	707 Trucks Entering
approximately 8.76% of yearly volumes. Again, each truck that leaves the quarry must also return.)	707 Trucks Exiting
Determine Weekly Truck Trips	
Weekly Truck Trips During October	160 Trucks Entering
(The month of October has a total of 31 days. Based on seven days per week there would be 4.4 weeks.)	160 Trucks Exiting
Determine Daily Truck Trips	
Daily Truck Trips on Peak Weekday (The peak day for the Blue Rock Quarry was found to	37 Trucks Entering
occur on Wednesday. Wednesday trips accounted for approximately 23.2% of the weekly volume.)	37 Trucks Exiting
Determine Average Daily Trip Gener	ation Rate
Average Daily Truck Trip Generation Rate per 1,000 CY of Annual Material Hauled	0.65 Trips per 1,000 CY



### Canyon Rock Quarry - Sonoma County, California

As provided in *Blue Rock Quarry Expansion: Draft Environmental Impact Report* prepared by Leonard Charles and Associates with contributions from the Crane Transportation Group (CTG) dated August 2005.

Determine Yearly Truck Trips	
Average Volume of Excavated Material Hauled from Quarry Annually	375,000 CY
Estimated Average Annual Truck Traffic	26,408 Trucks Entering
(Assuming 14.2 CY/Truck and each truck that leaves the quarry must also return.)	26,408 Trucks Exiting
Determine Monthly Truck Trips	
Truck Trips During the Month of October (Peak activity month at Canyon Rock Quarry based on activity report for previous four year period. Monthly	3,803 Trucks Entering
truck trips determined to be approximately 14.4% of yearly volumes.)	3,803 Trucks Exiting
Determine Weekly Truck Trips	
Weekly Truck Trips During October	859 Trucks Entering
(The month of October has a total of 31 days. Based on seven days per week there would be 4.4 weeks.)	859 Trucks Exiting
Determine Daily Truck Trips	Company of the second of the s
Daily Truck Trips on Peak Weekday (The peak day for the Canyon Rock Quarry was found	185 Trucks Entering
to occur on Wednesday. Wednesday trips accounted for approximately 21.6% of the weekly volume.)	185 Trucks Exiting
Determine Average Daily Trip Gener	ation Rate
Average Daily Truck Trip Generation Rate per 1,000 CY of Annual Material Hauled	0.99 Trips per 1,000 CY



### Nuss Pit - Gallatin Gateway, Montana

As provided in *Nuss Pit (Gallatin Gateway) Load Data* prepared by Kenai Engineering, Inc. dated January 29, 2008.

Determine Yearly Truck Trips  Volume of Excavated Material  Hauled from Pit 2006-2007	143,307 CY
Estimated Average Annual Truck Traffic (Assuming 18 CY/Truck and each truck that leaves	7,962 Trucks Entering
the pit must also return.)	7,962 Trucks Exiting
Determine Monthly Truck Trips	
Truck Trips During the Month of October (Peak activity month at Nuss Pit based on activity	1,081 Trucks Entering
report for previous year. Monthly truck trips determined to be approximately 13.6% of yearly volumes.)	1,081 Trucks Exiting
Determine Weekly Truck Trips	
Weekly Truck Trips During October	244 Trucks Entering
(The month of October has a total of 31 days. Based on seven days per week there would be 4.4 weeks.)	244 Trucks Exiting
Determine Daily Truck Trips	
Daily Truck Trips on Peak Weekday (The peak day was estimated as the average of the	55 Trucks Entering
peaks for the Blue Rock and Canyon Creek Quarries, which is approximately 22.4%)	55 Trucks Exiting
Determine Average Daily Trip Gener	人名英格兰斯特 网络美国新疆山部的西州 医黄黄素 经产品分配 人物 化二氯甲基甲二甲基二氯甲基甲基
Average Daily Truck Trip Generation Rate per 1,000 CY of Annual Material Hauled	0.76 Trips per 1,000 CY



Quarry Land Use

	1,000 CY	Daily	Avg. Trip
Quarry	Material	Trips	Rate
Blue Rock Quarry	114.60	74	0.65
Canyon Rock Quarry	375.00	371	0.99
Nuss Pit	143.31	109	0.76

Sample Average =

0.80 Trips/Annual 1,000 CY Material

Sample Range =

0.34 Trips/Annual 1,000 CY Material

Std. Deviation =

0.17 Trips/Annual 1,000 CY Material

90% Avg. Rate =

0.97 Trips/Annual 1,000 CY Material



### Weekday Hourly Truck Trip Variations

Source data from the *Blue Rock Quarry Expansion: Draft Environmental Impact Report* prepared by Leonard Charles and Associates with contributions from the Crane Transportation Group (CTG) dated August 2005 as well as driveway counts conducted from September 7 to the 11, 2005 at the Knife River (JTL) gravel pit in Belgrade, Montana.

	·В	lue Roc	k Quarı	у	Car	nyon Ro	ock Qua	irry	Knif	e River	Gravel	Pit
Hour	Ente	ring	Exit		Ente		Exit	ing	Ente	ring 👍	Exit	ing
Beginning	Trucks	% ,	Trucks	%	Trucks	% /	Trucks	% .	Trips	%	Trips	%
6:00 AM	1	3%	0	0%	2	1%	0	0%	43	7%	40	6%
7:00 AM	4	10%	4	10%	21	9%	23	10%	42	7%	50	8%
8:00 AM	6	15%	4	10%	25	11%	25	11%	49	8%	34	5%
9:00 AM	8	21%	4	10%	27	12%	25	11%	38	6%	45	7%
10:00 AM	3	8%	8	21%	27	12%	29	13%	57	9%	54	9%
11:00 AM	6	15%	5	13%	27	12%	23	10%	40	7%	59	9%
12:00 PM	8	21%	4	10%	23	10%	23	10%	53	9%	65	10%
1:00 PM	3	8%	6	15%	25	11%	27	12%	71	12%	59	9%
2:00 PM	0	0%	1	3%	23	10%	25	11%	60	10%	83	13%
3:00 PM	0	0%	3	8%	18	8%	18	8%	62	10%	69	11%
4:00 PM	0	0%	0	0%	9	4%	9	4%	51	8%	43	7%
5:00 PM	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	35	6%	25	4%

	Ave	erage Distribut	ion		
Hour Beginning	Total % % of Daily	:Entering % of;Daily	Exiting % of Daily		
6:00 AM	6%	6%	6%		
7:00 AM	8%	7%	8%		
8:00 AM	8%	9%	7%		
9:00 AM	9%	9%	8%		
10:00 AM	10%	9%	10%		
11:00 AM	9%	9%	9%		
12:00 PM	10%	9%	10%		
1:00 PM	10%	11%	10%		
2:00 PM	11%	9%	12%		
3:00 PM	9%	9%	10%		
4:00 PM	7%	7%	6%		
5:00 PM	5%	5%	4%		

Daily Averages				
AM Peak Hour, % of Daily Trips	=	8%	Entering = Exiting =	51% 49%
Midday, % of Daily Trips	=	9%	Entering = Exiting =	49% 51%
PM Peak Hour, % of Daily Trips	=	6%	Entering = Exiting =	57% 43%



# **Employee Trip Generation**

### Quarry Land Use

As provided in *Nuss Pit (Gallatin Gateway) Load Data* prepared by Kenai Engineering, Inc. dated January 29, 2008.

Equipment	Employee Type	# Employees
Loader	Operator	1
Scale	Operator	1
Crusher	Operator	4
Wash Plant (Add'l Loader)	Operator	1

Maximum Number of Employees 7

Avg. Employees Per Vehicle: 1.3 Assumed Value

Avg. Number of Vehicles: 5.38

Avg. Number of Trips Per Vehicle 3 Assumed Value

Avg. Number of Daily Trip Ends: 16.15



# TRIP GENERATION CALCULATIONS

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17 - 3 I Tan Cours   Dit			
Land Ose: Gravel Fil			
Average Vehicle Trip Ends On a:	Average Trip Generation Rate Equation:	Directional Distribution:	Coefficient of Determination:
Weekday	T = 0.97(X) + 16.15	50% Entering	6
	T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends	50% Exiting	R <sup>≠</sup> = ***
	X = Independent Variable Units		
Average Vehicle Trip Ends On a:	Average Trip Generation Rate Equation:	Directional Distribution:	Coefficient of Determination:
Weekday, A.M. Peak Hour	T = 0.08(X) + 1.29	51% Entering	•
	T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends	49% Exiting	R <sup>2</sup> = ***
	X = Independent Variable Units	,	
Average Vehicle Trip Ends On a:	Average Trip Generation Rate Equation:	Directional Distribution:	Coefficient of Determination:
Weekday, P.M. Peak Hour	T = 0.06(X) + 0.97	57% Entering	
	T = Average Vehicle Trip Ends	43% Exiting	₹**=
	X = Independent Variable Units		

Source: Truck Trip Generation & Employee Trip Generation estimates included in this study.

# APPENDIX C

# CAPACITY AND LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSES



	TWC	-WAY STOP	CONTRO	L SUM	MARY				
General Information	1		Site In	formati	on.	······································			
Analyst	Tom East	vood	Intersec	tion		US 191/Si	te Acces	s 7	
Agency/Co.	Morrison-N	Maierle, Inc.	Jurisdic	tion		MDT			
Date Performed	1/31/2008		Analysis	Analysis Year			sting		
Analysis Time Period	AM Peak								
Project Description Ma	rgan Family, LL	.C Gravel Pit Traf	fic Assessn	nent	-				
East/West Street: Priva						Road (US	191)		
Intersection Orientation:	North-South		Study P	eriod (hrs	s): 0.25				
Vehicle Volumes ar	d Adjustme	nts							
Major Street		Northbound				Southbour	าd		
Movement	11	2	3		4	5		6	
	L	T	R		L	Т		R	
Volume (veh/h)		229	0		0	476			
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	0.95	0.95		0.95	0.95		1.00	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h)	0	241	0		0	501		0	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0				0				
Median Type				Undivide	ed				
RT Channelized	·		0					0	
Lanes	0	1	0		0	1		0	
Configuration			TR		LT				
Upstream Signal		0			·····	0			
Minor Street		Eastbound				Westbour	nd		
Movement	7	8	9		10	11		12	
	L	Т	R		L	Т		R	
Volume (veh/h)	1				0		<u> </u>	0 (	
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	1.00	1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h)	0	0	0		0	0		0	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0	0	0		0	0		0	
Percent Grade (%)		0	.l			0	1		
Flared Approach		T N	<u> </u>			T N		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Storage		0	-			0			
RT Channelized			0			<del>                                     </del>		0	
Lanes	0	0	0		0	man		0	
Configuration	<del>                                     </del>		+		U	LR			
Delay, Queue Length, a	nd Lovel of Co		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	1	Westbour		,	Eastbour	nd	
Movement	1	4	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Lane Configuration	*	LT		LR	<del></del>	<del>  '`</del> -	<del>  ''</del> -		
v (veh/h)		0		0	_			· · ·	
C (m) (veh/h)	<u> </u>	1337		<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>		
v/c		0.00		<b>-</b>			<u> </u>	_	
95% queue length		0.00		<b> </b>		+		_	
				<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>		
Control Delay (s/veh)		7.7	· · · · ·	<u> </u>		<del></del>	<b> </b>	_	
LOS	<b>-</b>	Α		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Approach Delay (s/veh)					<del></del>	1			
Approach LOS					······································				

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### TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY General Information Site Information Analyst Tom Eastwood Intersection US 191/Site Access Agency/Co. Morrison-Maierle Inc. Jurisdiction MDT Date Performed 1/31/2008 Analysis Year 2008 - Existing Analysis Time Period PM Peak Project Description Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit Traffic Assessment North/South Street: Gallatin Road (US 191) East/West Street: Private Drive Intersection Orientation: North-South Study Period (hrs): 0.25 Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments Major Street Northbound Southbound Movement 3 4 6 2 5 T R L L T R Volume (veh/h) 688 0 1 289 Peak-Hour Factor, PHF 1.00 0.94 0.94 0.94 0.94 1.00 Hourly Flow Rate, HFR 0 0 731 0 1 307 (veh/h) Percent Heavy Vehicles 0 0 Median Type Undivided RT Channelized 0 0 anes 0 0 0 0 1 1 $\overline{TR}$ $\overline{LT}$ Configuration Upstream Signal 0 ō Minor Street Eastbound Westbound Movement 7 8 9 10 11 12 T R L R Volume (veh/h) 0 0 Peak-Hour Factor, PHF 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.94 1.00 0.94 Hourly Flow Rate, HFR 0 0 0 0 0 0 (veh/h) Percent Heavy Vehicles 0 0 0 0 0 0 Percent Grade (%) 0 0 Flared Approach Ν N 0 0 Storage RT Channelized 0 0 0 0 0 Lanes 0 0 0 Configuration LR Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service Approach Northbound Southbound Westbound Eastbound Movement 7 9 1 4 8 10 11 12 $\overline{LT}$ LR Lane Configuration v (veh/h) 1 0 883 C (m) (veh/h) 0.00 v/c 95% queue length 0.00 Control Delay (s/veh) 9.1 Α Approach Delay (s/veh) --Approach LOS

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	TWC	-WAY STOP	CONTRO	L SU	MM	ARY		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
General Information	<u> </u>		Site Information								
Analyst	Tom East	vood	Intersec	tion			US 191/S	ite A	ccess	]	
Agency/Co.	Morrison-l	Maierle, Inc.	Jurisdic	tion			MDT				
Date Performed	1/31/2008	-1	Analysi	s Year			2008 - To	tal			
Analysis Time Period	AM Peak										
Project Description Mo		.C Gravel Pit Traf									
East/West Street: Privat							Road (US	191)			
Intersection Orientation:			Study P	eriod (	hrs):	0.25					
Vehicle Volumes an	d Adjustme								, , ,		
Major Street		Northbound					Southbou	nd	<u> </u>		
Movement	<del>                                     </del>	2 T	3			4	5			6	
Volume (veh/h)	<del>- </del>		R 5			2 2	T 470			R	
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	229 0.95	0.95			2 0.95	476 0.95	-	1	.00	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR			<del>                                     </del>		. (						
(veh/h)	0	241	5			2	501		]	0	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0					85					
Median Type	1			Undiv	rided						
RT Channelized			0							0	
Lanes	0	1	0			0	1			0	
Configuration			TR								
Upstream Signal		0	<u> </u>				0				
Minor Street		Eastbound					Westbou	ind			
Movement	7	8	9			10	11			12	
	L L	Т	R			L ·	L T		R		
Volume (veh/h)					4				2 /		
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	1.00	1.00		0.95		1.00		(	).95	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h)	0 .	0	0		4		0			2	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0	0	0			85	0			85	
Percent Grade (%)	·	0					. 0				
Flared Approach		N					N		<u> </u>		
Storage		0					0				
RT Channelized			0							0	
Lanes	0	0	0			0	0			0	
Configuration					<u> </u>	<del></del>	LR				
Delay, Queue Length, a	and Level of Se	ervice									
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	,	Westb	ound			East	bound		
Movement	1	. 4	7	8		9	10		11	12	
Lane Configuration		LT		LF	?						
v (veh/h)		2		6							
C (m) (veh/h)		956		34	4						
v/c		0.00		0.0	2			1			
95% queue length		0.01		0.0			1	T		1	
Control Delay (s/veh)		8.8	<del>                                     </del>	15.				+-	·	<b>1</b>	
LOS		A .		C		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	+-		1	
Approach Delay (s/veh)			<b>-</b>	15.		<u> </u>	+			<u>.t</u>	
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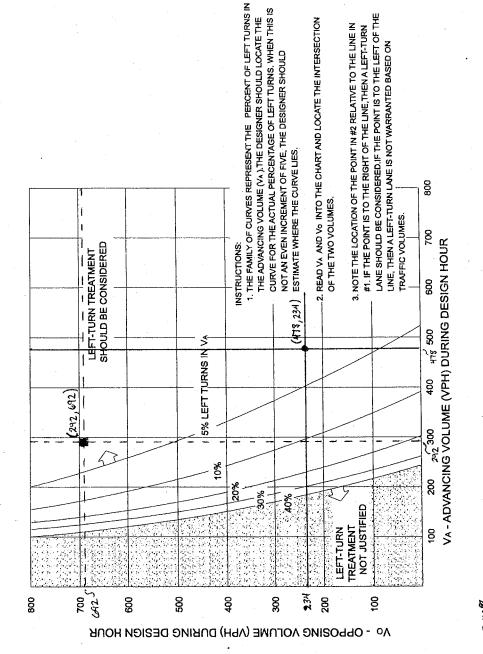
	TWO	-WAY STOP	CONTRO	L SUM	MARY				
General Information	1		Site In	formati	on				
Analyst	Tom Eastw	vood	Intersec	tion		US 191/Sit	US 191/Site Access		
Agency/Co.	Morrison-N	Naierle Inc.				MDT			
Date Performed	1/31/2008		Analysis Year			2008 - Total			
Analysis Time Period	PM Peak								
Project Description Mo	rgan Family, LL	C Gravel Pit Trafi	ic Assessn	nent					
East/West Street: Privat					et: Gallatin	Road (US 1	91)		
Intersection Orientation:	North-South		Study Pe	eriod (hrs	): 0.25				
Vehicle Volumes an	d Adjustmer	nts							
Major Street		Northbound				Southbour	nd		
Movement	1	2	3		4.	5		6	
	L	Т	R		L	Τ		R	
Volume (veh/h)		688	4		3	289			
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	0.94	0.94		0.94	0.94		1.00	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h)	0	731	4		3	<i>307</i>		0	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0				85				
Median Type				Undivide	ed				
RT Channelized			0	1				0	
Lanes	0	1	0		0	1		0	
Configuration			TR		LT .				
Upstream Signal		0				0			
Minor Street		Eastbound				Westbound			
Movement	7	8	9		10			12	
	L	Т	R		L	T		R	
Volume (veh/h)					2	<del>                                     </del>		2	
Peak-Hour Factor, PHF	1.00	1.00	1.00		0.94	1.00		0.94	
Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h)	0	0	0		2	0		2	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	0	0	0		85	0		85	
Percent Grade (%)		0	<u> </u>			0			
Flared Approach		T N	Т			N			
Storage		0	<del> </del>			0			
RT Channelized			0					0	
Lanes	0	0	0		0			0	
Configuration			<del>                                     </del>			LR			
		<del>-                                    </del>							
Delay, Queue Length, a				Maathau		T	- oothour	-d	
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Westbour		<del></del>	Eastboun		
Movement	1	4	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Lane Configuration		LT		LR		<u> </u>			
v (veh/h)		3		4		<u> </u>			
C (m) (veh/h)		589		226					
v/c		0.01		0.02					
95% queue length		0.02		0.05					
Control Delay (s/veh)		11.1		21.2					
LOS		В		С		1	1		
Approach Delay (s/veh)			<del> </del>	21.2		+			
	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del> </del>			<del> </del>			
Approach LOS			L	С		1			

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### APPENDIX D

### AUXILIARY TURN LANE EVALUATIONS





VOLUME GUIDELINES FOR LEFT-TURN LANES AT UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS ON 2-LANE HIGHWAYS 60 mph(100 km/h) Figure 13.3C

PM = - - - 3 = 1.03%

LEFT TURNS = 378 = 0.42%

LEFT TURNS = 322 = 1.03%

#### TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT UPDATE

FOR THE

### MORGAN FAMILY, LLC GRAVEL PIT

**GALLATIN GATEWAY, MONTANA** 

**July 2008** 

#### Prepared For:

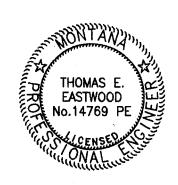
TMC, Inc. 22540 Frontage Road PO Box 69 Belgrade, MT 59714-0069



#### Prepared By:

Morrison-Maierle, Inc. 2880 Technology Boulevard West Bozeman, MT 59718 Phone: (406) 587-0721 Fax: (406) 922-6702

MMI Project No. 2850.008.010.0310





#### PURPOSE OF UPDATE

This traffic assessment update has been prepared to evaluate the need for the installation of auxiliary turn and acceleration lanes with the development of the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit in Gallatin Gateway, Montana. The information presented in this update is intended to evaluate the safety aspects associated with locations on high speed facilities experiencing a substantial number of truck turning movements. The methodology and analysis procedures utilized in this update are based on the standards found in the Montana Department of Transportation's *Traffic Engineering Manual*, *November 2007*. Recommendations made in this update are based on these standards and the professional judgment of the author.

#### **EVALUATION OF CRASHES**

In a letter dated April 18, 2008, the Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) provided comments in response to the *Traffic Assessment for the Morgan Family*, *LLC Gravel Pit* prepared by Morrison-Maierle, Inc. in February 2008. MDT's main concern is the safety for both the through traffic and the truck turning movements with consideration of the different vehicle types. MDT does not want to jeopardize safety at the gravel pit access location on Gallatin Road (US 191). The specific comments in regards to traffic included the following:

- A southbound left turn lane must be constructed on US 191 at [its intersection with the proposed gravel pit access.] This left turn lane is required as US 191 is a high speed facility and the trucks accessing the gravel pit require large gaps when turning left. This left turn lane must be designed to MDT standards.
- A northbound deceleration lane on US 191 must be constructed at [its intersection with the proposed gravel pit access] for the right turning movements. The lane must be designed as an 18:1 tapered slip ramp and meet MDT standards for design.
- A northbound acceleration lane on US 191 must be constructed at [its intersection with the proposed gravel pit access] for gravel trucks making a right turn and heading north on US 191. This acceleration will allow trucks heading north to accelerate to speed without affecting northbound through traffic. This acceleration lane must be designed to MDT standards.

In order to further evaluate the safety aspects of the proposed gravel pit access, it was elected to analyze crash trends for similar facilities within Gallatin County, Montana.



#### Site Selection

Access to the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit would be located on a high speed, two-lane rural principal arterial roadway. For the purposes of this update, high speed is defined as having a posted speed limit in excess of 45 miles per hour (mph). Comparative locations were selected based on the following: 1) having direct access to a high speed facility or access via an alternate roadway that accesses a high speed facility, 2) the presence of a substantial number of truck turning movements, 3) located within Gallatin County in order to have similar driver behaviors and/or characteristics, and 4) there are not presently any turn lanes serving the access or intersecting roadway. It should be noted that a review of gravel pits or other substantial truck activity sites within the vicinity of high speed, two-lane facilities in Gallatin or Madison County did not find any locations where turn lanes are presently in existence to accommodate truck movements.

Morrison-Maierle, Inc. requested information on crashes for four (4) roadway segments in addition to the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit access location. The crash data reflected crashes for 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, and 2007. The segments selected included Norris Road (Montana State Highway 84 – MT 84) from milepost 26.7 to 27.7, Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) from milepost 2.8 to 3.3 and from milepost 3.7 to 4.3, and the Frontage Road (Montana State Secondary Highway 205 – S 205) from milepost 21.4 to 22.0. Descriptions of the sites selected are as follows:

- The Norris Road segment includes the existing Storey Ranch Gravel Pit access operated by TMC, Inc. at approximately milepost 27.2. The posted speed limit along this roadway segment is 70 mph during the day and 65 mph at night for passenger vehicles. For trucks, the posted speed limit is 60 mph during the day and 55 mph at night.
- The Jackrabbit Lane segment from milepost 2.8 to 3.3 includes the intersection of Jackrabbit Lane and Hulbert Road. This intersection serves as an access for the Hulbert Road gravel pit operated by Gallatin Asphalt, which is located to the east of Jackrabbit Lane. The posted limit for this roadway segment is the same as that for Norris Road.
- The Jackrabbit Lane segment from milepost 3.7 to 4.3 includes the intersection of Jackrabbit Lane and Valley Center Road. Valley Center Road is also a state secondary highway (S 235). This intersection serves as an access for the ready mix plant operated by Kenyon Noble Ready Mix, which is located to the west of Jackrabbit Lane. The posted speed limit for this roadway segment is also the same as that for Norris Road.



The Frontage Road segment includes the intersection of the Frontage Road and Airport Road in Belgrade, Montana, which is also the location of the primary access serving the gravel pit operated by the Knife River Corporation to the south of the Frontage Road. The posted speed limit for this roadway segment is 55 mph for both trucks and passenger vehicles.

### Crash Data Analyses

#### **Total Crashes**

The crash data provided by MDT was used to identify the reported crash rates per one million (1,000,000) vehicle miles traveled (MVMT) for each roadway segment. The rates for total crashes are summarized in Table 1 and were calculated utilizing the following equation:

$RSCR = \frac{1,000,000 \cdot C}{2.65 \text{ m/s} \cdot C}$	where	RSCR =	Roadway Segment Crash Rate (MVMT)
$RSCR = {365 \cdot T \cdot V \cdot L}$		C =	Number of Reported Crashes
303 I V L		T =	Timeframe of the Analysis (Years)
		V = .	Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT)
		L =	Length of Roadway Segment (Miles)

Table 1 Reported Roadway Segment Crash Rates for Total Crashes

Roadway Segment	Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic, AADT	Segment Length, miles	Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003-2007	Reported Crash Rate Per MVMT
Norris Road (MT 84) Milepost 26.7 – 27.7	6,170	1.00	8	0.71
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 2.8 – 3.3	10,100	0.51	19	2.02
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 3.7 – 4.3	10,824	0.61	41	3.39
Frontage Road (S 205) Milepost 21.4 – 22.0	8,108	0.59	14	1.59
Gallatin Road (US 191) Milepost 77.6 – 78.6	8,172	1.00	23	1.54
Averages	8,675	0.74	21	1.85
State of Montana Ave	erage Crash Rate Pe	r MVMT 20	003 – 2006	2.02



#### Truck Involvement in Crashes

The crash data was additionally analyzed to determine the frequency of truck crashes along the roadway segments. As reported in *Traffic Safety Problem Identification FY 2008* prepared by MDT (July 20, 2007), "The number of truck crashes [in Montana] reached a high in 1996 and has decreased by nearly 30% over the ten years since then." In order to calculate a reported crash rate for crashes involving trucks, it was necessary to determine the number of trucks comprising the weighted AADT for each roadway segment. Truck traffic percentages were determined based on vehicle classification or intersection turning movement counts in the immediate vicinity of the roadway segment being analyzed. These percentages were multiplied against the weighted AADT's to determine the weighted annual average daily truck traffic (AADTT) volumes. The resulting truck involvement in crashes is summarized in Table 2.

Table 2 Reported Roadway Segment Crash Rates for Crashes Involving Trucks

Roadway Segment	Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic, AADTT	Segment Length, miles	Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003-2007	Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT	Crashes Involving Trucks as a Percentage of All Crashes
Norris Road (MT 84) Milepost 26.7 – 27.7	370	1.00	1	1.48	12.5%
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 2.8 – 3.3	1,212	0.51	3	2.66	15.8%
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 3.7 – 4.3	1,299	0.61	4	2.76	9.8%
Frontage Road (S 205) Milepost 21.4 – 22.0	973	0.59	2	1.90	14.3%
Gallatin Road (US 191) Milepost 77.6 78.6	490	1.00	0	0.00	0.0%
Averages	869	0.74	2	1.76	10.5%
State of Montana Cra	5.5%				

#### Crash Severity

Crash rates were also adjusted to account for the greater costs and perceptions by society of injury and fatal accidents. Reported crash involvements that included a fatal injury were multiplied by a factor of 9.50. Likewise, non-fatal injury involvements were multiplied by a factor of 3.50. All other crash involvements were multiplied by a factor of 1.00. Weighted crash severity index values were



calculated for each roadway segment, which were then multiplied by their respective crash rates to determine the reported crash severity rate. The analyses are summarized in Tables 3 and 4 below.

Table 3 Reported Roadway Segment Crash Severity Rates for Total Crashes (2003-2007)

Roadway Segment	Reported Crash Rate Per MVMT	Total # of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes	Total # of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes	Total # of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes	Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT
Norris Road (MT 84) Milepost 26.7 – 27.7	0.71	0	0	8	1.00	0.71
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 2.8 – 3.3	2.02	0	5	14	1.66	3.35
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 3.7 – 4.3	3.39	1	13	27	2.00	6.78
Frontage Road (S 205) Milepost 21.4 – 22.0	1.59	0	6	8	2.07	3.30
Gallatin Road (US 191) Milepost 77.6 – 78.6	1.54	1	6	16	2.02	3.12
All Sites Combined	1.85	2	30	73	1.75	3.45
State of Montana Averages 2003 – 2006	2.02	225	6,135	16,012	1.77	3.58

Table 4 Reported Roadway Segment Crash Severity Rates for Crashes Involving Trucks (2003-2007)

Roadway Segment	Reported Crash Rate Per MVMT	Total # of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes	Total # of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes	Total # of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes	Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT
Norris Road (MT 84) Milepost 26.7 – 27.7	1.48	0	0 .	1	1.00	1.48
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 2.8 – 3.3	2.66	0	2	. 1	2.67	7.09
Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) Milepost 3.7 – 4.3	2.76	1	0	3	3.13	8.62
Frontage Road (S 205) Milepost 21.4 – 22.0	1.90	0	2	0	3.50	6.64
Gallatin Road (US 191) Milepost 77.6 – 78.6	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
All Sites Combined	1.76	1	4	5	2.06	4.77
State of Montana Averages 2003 – 2006		21	1,209		N/A	



#### **FINDINGS**

#### **Total Crashes**

The average reported crash rate (1.85 crashes per MVMT) for all locations evaluated with this update was less than the statewide average (2.02 crashes per MVMT) for Montana. The Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85 – milepost 3.7 to 4.3) roadway segment near its intersection with Valley Center Road has a reported crash rate that is approximately 68% higher than the statewide average. It is also noteworthy that the existing gravel pit operated by TMC, Inc. on Norris Road (MT 84 – milepost 26.7 to 27.7) has the lowest reported crash rate of all the locations that were evaluated. This location has a reported crash rate that is approximately one third of the statewide average. Gallatin Road (US 191 – milepost 77.6 to 78.6) had the second lowest reported crash rate of the study locations.

#### Truck Involvement in Crashes

The average reported crash rate (1.76 crashes per MVMT) for crashes involving trucks along the study locations was less than both the average reported crash rate for total crashes and the statewide average for Montana. However, the crashes involving trucks as a percentage of all crashes were typically higher than the statewide average (5.5%) for Montana. The exception was the Gallatin Road roadway segment that did not experience any crashes involving trucks during the five year analysis period from 2003 through 2007.

### Crash Severity

Considering total crashes, the locations evaluated with this update had a lower average reported crash severity rate (3.45 per MVMT) as compared to the statewide average (3.58 per MVMT) for Montana. However, the Jackrabbit Lane roadway segment near its intersection with Valley Center Road had a much higher reported crash severity rate (6.78 per MVMT) than either the overall or statewide average for total crashes.

As shown through the analyses, the average crash severity rate (4.77 per MVMT) for all of the evaluated locations is higher than the statewide average for total crashes in Montana. Data provided in the *Traffic Safety Problem Identification FY 2008* did not differentiate between non-fatal injury and



property damage only crashes involving trucks; therefore, it was not possible to determine a statewide average crash severity rate for crashes involving trucks in Montana. Comparing the existing gravel pit access operated by TMC, Inc. along Norris Road as well as the proposed access location along Gallatin Road, the reported crash severity indexes for the roadway segments are equal to or less than those for total crashes.

#### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

It does not appear from the analyses conducted as a part of this update that the presence of significant truck turning movements contributes to an increase in the reported crash rate experienced along a roadway segment. In contrast, the locations included in this study found an average reported crash rate for crashes involving trucks which was less than that for crashes involving all vehicle types. As there are a number of factors contributing to fatal or non-fatal injury crashes and the arbitrary nature of the severity factors applied to the study data, the reported crash severity rates may not be fully representative of actual crashes involving trucks. Based on these considerations, recommendations for the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit access would be as follows:

- It is not recommended to install auxiliary turn lanes based solely on the presence of truck traffic at the intersection. Based on the average reported crash experience rate, it is estimated that the benefit gained from installing the auxiliary turn lanes would not outweigh the cost of their installation. Additionally, at the end of the ten year design life of the mine, there would no longer be a need for the turn lanes barring any expansion of the gravel pit or redevelopment of the site.
- Because of the limited number of crashes involving trucks, additional locations should be evaluated prior to the installation of auxiliary turn lanes based on the average reported crash severity rate.
- Alternative improvements consisting of the installation of warning signs with the legend "TRUCKS ENTERING HIGHWAY" (W42-7) would be recommended for installation along Gallatin Road (US 191) in advance of the proposed gravel pit access in accordance with the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD). The proposed signage should be a minimum size of 36-inches square based on the 70 mph design speed for Gallatin Road. The proposed signage would be as shown in Figure 1 on the following page.





Figure 1 Proposed W42-7 Signage (36" x 36")

Although it is not related to access for the proposed Morgan Family, LLC Gravel Pit, it is recommended that the intersection of Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) and Valley Center Road (S 235) be considered for additional safety improvements to address the present crash trends. A review of the crash data, included in Appendix A, indicates that this location may benefit from the installation of turn lanes on Jackrabbit Lane. Due to the significant number of crashes, there may be a benefit of installing these improvements ahead of MDT's "Four Corners North Project" Jackrabbit Lane between Four Corners and Belgrade.



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### APPENDIX A

### **CRASH DATA ANALYSES**





Reported Crash Rate Per Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (MVMT) for Roadway Segment	1
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	1.00
Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003 Through 2007	23
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	8,172
Overall Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	

Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT for Roadway Segment			
Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	2.02		
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.0		
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50		
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50		
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes in Roadway Segment	16		
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	6		
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	1		
Overall Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis			

Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	0.00
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	1.00
Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003 Through 2007	0
Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic (ADTT)	490
Percentage Truck Traffic of ADT Based on 2008 Traffic Counts	6%
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	8,172
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	

Reported Crash Severity Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	0.00
Reported Crash Severity Index Involving Trucks for Roadway Segment	0.00
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	and the second



Reported Crashes By Time o	f Day					
Hour Beginning and Ending	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
12:00 a.m 3:00 a.m.		1				1
3:00 a.m 6:00 a.m.					1	11
6:00 a.m 9:00 a.m.		1.	2	1		4
9:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.				1	2	3
12:00 p.m 3:00 p.m.		1	1		1	3
3:00 p.m 6:00 p.m.	3		1		3	7
6:00 p.m 9:00 p.m.		1				1
9:00 p.m 12:00 a.m.		1	2			3
Total Annual Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	23

Reported Crashes By Day of	Week				723.000 E.Z.	(
Day of Week	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Monday	1	1	2			4
Tuesday		1			1	2
Wednesday		1	1	1	1	4
Thursday	1	1	1	1	2	6
Friday					2	2
Saturday			1		1	2
Sunday	1	1	1			3
Total Annual Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	23

Reported Crashes By Month	of Year					
Month of Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
January		1	2	_	1	4
February			1		1	2
March			1			11
April				-		0
May						0
June				1		1
July	2					2
August		2				2
September						0
October	1	1	1	1	3	7
November					2	2
December		1	1			2
Total Annual Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	23



Reported (	Crashes By Road a	nd Weath	er Condit	ions			
Weather	Road	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
•	Dry	3	3	4	-	1	11
	Wet						0
Clear	Snow/Slush				•		0
	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry		1	2	2	. 4	9
	Wet						0
Cloudy	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice		1				1
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
<u> </u>	Dry						0
Snow/ -	Wet						0
Rain -	Snow/Slush					1	1
ran -	Ice					1	1
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry						0
	Wet						0
Fog	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
Total Annua	al Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	<b>2</b> 3

Reported Crashes By Light C	onditions					
Lighting Conditions	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Dawn					·	0
Dusk						0
Daylight	3	3	2	2	6	16
Dark - Lighted						0
Dark - Not Lighted		2	4		1	7
Total Annual Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	23

Reported Crashes Involving	Injuries/D	amage				e e
Injury/Damage	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Fatal Injury		No. of the second			1	1
Non-Fatal Injury	1	1	1	1	2	6
Property Damage Only	2	4	5	1	4	16
<b>Total Annual Reported Crashes</b>	3	5	6	2	7	23



Drivers Involved in	Reported	Crashes	By Age Gr	oup and s	Sex		
Age Group	Sex	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
15-24	М		1	3	2	3	9
15-24	F	2		1			3
25-29	М	1	1			2	4
23-29	F		1				1
30-34	М		1				1
30-34	F	1					1
35-39	М				1		1
33-39	F						0
40-49	М		2			1	3
CF 0F	F		1			1	2
50-59	М			1	1	2	4
30-39	F			2		1	3
60-69	М	1		1		1	3
00-09	F	,					0
70+	М			1			1
/UT	F						0
Total Annual Drivers	s Involved	5	7	9	4	11	36

Drivers Involved in Reported	Crashes	By Vehicle	еТуре			
Vehicle Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Compact Car					1	1
Mid-Size Car			1	2	2	5
Passenger Car	3	3	4		1	11
Large Car		·				0
Mid-Size Wagon						0
Small Pickup						0
Pickup	2	1	1		2	6
Standard Pickup		2	1	1	2	6
SUV		1	2	1	1	_ 5
Van					2	2
Truck/Tractor						0
Other						0
Total Annual Vehicles Involved	5	7	9	4	11	36



Drivers In	volved in Reported	Crashes	By Directi	on of Trav	el and In	tent	
Dir Trvl	Intent	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Go Straight						0
_	Overtake						0
EB ~	Slow/Stop						0
ED -	Remain Stop						0
-	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	,				1	1
· _	Overtake				-		0
WB -	Slow/Stop						0
VVD	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	2	3	4		4	13
	Overtake						0
NB -	Slow/Stop	2					2
ND -	Remain Stop					2 100	0
	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn	1					1
	Go Straight		3	3	2	5	13
	Overtake						0
SB -	Slow/Stop						0
3D -	Remain Stop					1	1
	Left Turn		1	2	1		4
	Right Turn				1		1
Total Annu	ıal Drivers Involved	5	7	9	4	11	36

Reported Crashes By Type						
Crash Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Head On		1				1
Rear End	2	1	1	1	2	7
Right Angle			1		1	2
Left Turn						0
Sideswipe				1		1
Animal-Vehicle		1	3		3	7
Fixed Object	1					1
Overturn		2			1	3
Other			1			1
Total Annual Reported Crashes	3	5	6	2	7	23



Reported Crash Rate Per Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (MVMT) for Roadway Segment	F
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	1.00
Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003 Through 2007	8
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	6,170
Overall Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	

Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT for Roadway Segment		
Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	1.00	
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.0	
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50	
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50	
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes in Roadway Segment	8	
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	0	
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	0	
Overall Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis		

Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	1.48
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	1.00
Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003 Through 2007	1
Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic (ADTT)	370
Percentage Truck Traffic of ADT Based on 2008 Traffic Counts	6%
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	6,170
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	galacia de la Assessa

Reported Crash Severity Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment			
Reported Crash Severity Index Involving Trucks for Roadway Segment			
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00		
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50		
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50		
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	1		
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0		
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0		
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	and some particular		



Reported Crashes By Time o	f Day					
Hour Beginning and Ending	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
12:00 a.m 3:00 a.m.						0
3:00 a.m 6:00 a.m.						0
6:00 a.m 9:00 a.m.				1		1
9:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.				3		3
12:00 p.m 3:00 p.m.						0
3:00 p.m 6:00 p.m.	1			1		2
6:00 p.m 9:00 p.m.		1				1
9:00 p.m 12:00 a.m.		1				1
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8

Reported Crashes By Day of	Week					į
Day of Week	<b>200</b> 3	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Monday				2		2
Tuesday		1		1		2
Wednesday		,				0
Thursday				1		1
Friday	1			1		2
Saturday		. 1				1
Sunday						0
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8

Reported Crashes By Month:	of Year					
Month of Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
January						0
February						0
March				1		1
April						0
May		1				1
June						0
July				1		1
August						0
September		ļ <u> </u>		1		1
October						0
November						0
December	1	1		2		4
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8



Reported (	Crashes By Road a	nd Weath	er Condit	ions		4.436	
Weather	Road	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Dry		1		3		4
_	Wet						0
Clear	Snow/Slush						0
_	Ice				1		1
_	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry	1	1		1		3
	Wet						0
Cloudy	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry						0
	Wet						0
Fog	Snow/Slush			in the second			0
	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
Total Annua	al Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8

Reported Crashes By Light C	onditions					
Lighting Conditions	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Dawn				1		1
Dusk						0
Daylight				3	•	3
Dark - Lighted						0
Dark - Not Lighted	1	2		1		4
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8

Reported Crashes By Type						
Crash Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Head On						.0
Rear End				1		1
Right Angle						0
Left Turn						0
Sideswipe						0
Animal-Vehicle	1	2		2		5
Fixed Object						0
Other				2		2
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8



Drivers Involved in	Reported	Crashes	By Age Gr	oup and	Sex		<b>8</b>
Age Group	Sex	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
16.24	М		1	ľ	1		2
16-24	F				1		1
25-29	М					* :	0 .
23-29	F						0
30-34	М				1		1
J0*57	F						0
35-39	М						0
33 39	F						0
40-49	M						0
10 13	F		1				1
50-59	М						0
30 33	F	1			1		2
60-69	М						0
	F				2		0
70+	M				2		2
701	F						0
Total Annual Driver	s Involved	1	2	0	6	0	9

Drivers Involved in Reported	Crashes	By Vehicle	еТуре			
Vehicle Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Compact Car						0
Mid-Size Car				1		1
Passenger Car	1	1		2		4
Large Car						0
Mid-Size Wagon			-			0
Small Pickup						0
Pickup		1		1		2
Standard Pickup				1		1
SUV						0
Van				_		0
Truck/Tractor				1		1
Other						0
Total Annual Vehicles Involved	1	2	0	6	0	9



Drivers In	volved in Reported	Crashes !	By Directi	on of Trax	el and In	tent	
Dir Trvl	Intent	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Go Straight		1		. 1		2
•	Overtake				1		1
EB -	Slow/Stop						0
ĽD -	Remain Stop						0
_	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn			-			0
	Go Straight	1	1		2		4
•	Overtake						0
WB -	Slow/Stop				1		1
VVD -	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn				1		1
·	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	4.					0
_	Overtake						0
NB -	Slow/Stop						0
ND -	Remain Stop						0
· ·	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight						0
	Overtake						0
SB -	Slow/Stop						0
	Remain Stop						0
·	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
Total Ann	ual Drivers Involved	1	2	0	6	0	9

Reported Crashes Involving I	njuries/D	amage				
Injury/Damage	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Fatal Injury						0
Non-Fatal Injury						0
Property Damage Only	1	2		5		8
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	2	0	5	0	8



Reported Crash Rate Per Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (MVMT) for Roadway Segment	2.02
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	0.51
Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003 Through 2007	19
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	10,100
Overall Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	

Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	3.35
Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	1.66
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes in Roadway Segment	14
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	5
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	0
Overall Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	

Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	2.66
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	0.51
Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003 Through 2007	3
Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic (ADTT)	1,212
Percentage Truck Traffic of ADT Based on 2006 Traffic Counts	12%
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	10,100
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	ingga tina manana wasani

Reported Crash Severity Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	7.09
Reported Crash Severity Index Involving Trucks for Roadway Segment	2.67
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	1
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	2
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	



Reported Crashes By Time o	f Day					
Hour Beginning and Ending	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
12:00 a.m 3:00 a.m.						0
3:00 a.m 6:00 a.m.	1			1		2
6:00 a.m 9:00 a.m.	1	1			. 1	3
9:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.			1	1		2
12:00 p.m 3:00 p.m.	1		1			2
3:00 p.m 6:00 p.m.	1		1	3	1	6
6:00 p.m 9:00 p.m.	1	3				4
9:00 p.m 12:00 a.m.						0
Total Annual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19

Reported Grashes By Day of	Week					
Day of Week	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Monday	2	1		1		4
Tuesday			1	1	2	4
Wednesday	1	1	1 .	2		5
Thursday			1			1
Friday		1				1
Saturday	1	1		1		3
Sunday	1					1
<b>Total Annual Reported Crashes</b>	5	4	3	5	2	19

Reported Crashes By Month:	of Year					
Month of Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
January	1	1				2
February				1	1	2
March	1					1
April						0
May			1	1		2
June						0
July			1			1
August		1		1		2
September		1				1
October	1			1		2
November	1		1	1	1	4
December	1	1				2
Total Annual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19



Reported	Crashes By Road a	nd Weath	er Condit	ons			
Weather	Road	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Dry	. 1	1	3	1		6 .
	Wet						0
Clear	Snow/Slush						0
· •	Ice						0
<u>-</u>	Sand/Mud/Dirt				1	1	2
	Dry	3	3		2		8
•	Wet						0
Cloudy	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice	1			1	1	3
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry						0
Constant	Wet						0
Snow/ - Rain -	Snow/Slush						0
Naii -	Ice						0
-	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry						0
	Wet						0
Fog	Snow/Slush						0
• •	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
Total Annu	ual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19

Reported Crashes By Light C	onditions					
Lighting Conditions	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Dawn						0
Dusk						0
Daylight	3	2	2	3	2	12
Dark - Lighted						0
Dark - Not Lighted	2	2	1	2		7
Total Annual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19

Reported Crashes Involving Injuries/Damage						
Injury/Damage	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Fatal Injury						0
Non-Fatal Injury	2		1	2		5
Property Damage Only	3	4	2	3	2	14
Total Annual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19



Drivers Involved in	Reported	Crashes:	By Age Gr	oup and S	Sex		
Age Group	Sex	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
15-24	М	- 2	3		2		7
15*24	F	1		1	2		4
25-29	М	1	1	1		2	5
23-29	F	·					0
30-34	M		1			1	- 2
30-34	F				1		1
35-39	M						0
33 33	F	1					11
40-49	М				3		3
10 15	F			3.4			0
50-59	М	2	1	4			3
30 33	F	1	14. 78	1		1	3
60-69	М	1	- 100 mg			44 <sup>1</sup>	1
	F						0
70+	М						0
70+	F		الى الم	1			1
Total Annual Driver	s Involved	9	6	4	8	4	31

Drivers Involved in Reported	Crashes:	By Vehicle	еТуре			
Vehicle Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Compact Car					1	1
Mid-Size Car						0
Passenger Car	2	3	2	1		8
Large Car	1					1
Mid-Size Wagon						0
Small Pickup	1					1
Pickup	1	3	1			5
Standard Pickup	2			4	2	8
SUV				2		2
Van	1					1
Truck/Tractor			1	1	1	3
Other	1					1
Total Annual Vehicles Involved	9	6	4	8	4	31



Drivers In	volved in Reported	Crashes	By Directi	on of Trav	el and In	tent	7 1
Dir Trvl	Intent	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Go Straight		1		1		2
-	Overtake						0
- EB -	Slow/Stop		1				1
LD -	Remain Stop						0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Left Turn		1				1
	Right Turn			,			0
_	Go Straight						0
	Overtake						0
WB -	Slow/Stop					1	1
VVD -	Remain Stop					1	1
	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	2	1	2	4	1	10
<del>-</del>	Overtake						0
NB -	Slow/Stop	5			2	1	8
IND -	Remain Stop			1			1
_	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	- 2	2	1	1		6
_	Overtake						0
- SB -	Slow/Stop						0
3D -	Remain Stop						0
-	Left Turn						0
-	Right Turn						0
Total Annu	ual Drivers Involved	9	6	4	8	4	31

Reported Crashes By Type						
Crash Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Head On						0
Rear End	2		1	2	1	6
Right Angle		1				1
Left Turn						0
Sideswipe		1		1		2
Animal-Vehicle	2	2				4
Fixed Object				1		1
Overturn	1					1
Other			2	1	1	4
Total Annual Reported Crashes	5	4	3	5	2	19



Reported Crash Rate Per Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (MVMT) for Roadway Segment	3.39
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	0.61
Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003 Through 2007	41
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	10,824
Overall Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	

Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	6.78
Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment	2.00
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.0
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes in Roadway Segment	27
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	13
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	1
Overall Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	

Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	2.76
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	0.61
Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003 Through 2007	4
Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic (ADTT)	1,299
Percentage Truck Traffic of ADT Based on 2006 Traffic Counts	12%
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	10,824
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	ne i manazione della constanta

Reported Crash Severity Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment	8.62
Reported Crash Severity Index Involving Trucks for Roadway Segment	3.13
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	3
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	1
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis	ar dan som finn gjarte ark



9:00 p.m. - 12:00 a.m. Total Annual Reported Crashes

## Crash Data Analysis Jackrabbit Lane (MT 85) - Milepost 3.7 to 4.3 Near Valley Center Road (± Milepost 4.0) - Kenyon Noble Ready Mix Plant

Reported Crashes By Time of Day									
Hour Beginning and Ending	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total			
12:00 a.m 3:00 a.m.	1	1		1		3			
3:00 a.m 6:00 a.m.			1	1		2			
6:00 a.m 9:00 a.m.	1	2		1	2	6			
9:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.	2	2		2		6			
12:00 p.m 3:00 p.m.		2	1		1	4			
3:00 p.m 6:00 p.m.	3	2	2		3	10			
6:00 p.m 9:00 p.m	2	1		1		4			

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Reported Crashes By Day of	Week					1/2
Day of Week	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Monday	2	1	1	2	2	8
Tuesday		2		2	1	5
Wednesday	1	3		1	3	8
Thursday	2	1	1			4
Friday	1	3	2	2		8
Saturday	2		1	2		5
Sunday	1	1			1	3
Total Annual Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41

Reported Crashes By Month	of Year					
Month of Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
January	3	1		1	1	6
February	2	1		1		4
March		2	2	1		5
April		1			1	2
May					1	1
June	1			. 1		2
July		2			1	3
August		3		1		4
September	1			1		2
October	1		1	2		4
November			1	1	1	3
December	1	1	1		2	5
Total Annual Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41



Reported (	Crashes By Road a	nd Weath	er Condit	ons			
Weather	Road	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Dry	2	4	2	6	2	16
	Wet						0
Clear	Snow/Slush		1				1
·	Ice						0
•	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry	2	3	2		2	9
_	Wet						0
Cloudy	Snow/Slush		·				. 0
	Ice	3			2		5
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry						0
Cmau./	Wet	1	1	1	1		4
Snow/ - Rain -	Snow/Slush		1			2	3
· Naiii —	Ice	1	1			1	3
	Sand/Mud/Dirt	:					0
	Dry						0
	Wet	14					0
Fog	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
Total Annua	al Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41

Reported Crashes By Light Conditions								
Lighting Conditions	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total		
Dawn	1				2	3		
Dusk		1				1		
Daylight	5	8	3	4	4	24		
Dark - Lighted	1	1	1	1	1	5		
Dark - Not Lighted	2	1	1	4		8		
Total Annual Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41		

Reported Crashes Involving I	njuries/D	amage				
Injury/Damage	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Fatal Injury	1					1
Non-Fatal Injury	3	3	1	3	3	13
Property Damage Only	5	. 8	4	6	4	27
Total Annual Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41



Drivers Involved in	Reported	Crashes	By Age Gi	oup and !	Sex		
Age Group	Sex	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
15-24	М	2	10	3	4	5	24
13-24	F	2	1	1	1	3	8
25-29	М	2				1	3
23 23	F	1	1				2
30-34	М		1		1		2
	F	1	1		1		3
35-39	М		. 2				2
33 33	F						0
40-49	М	4	3	1	2	1	11
	F	1	1	1	1	3	7
50-59	М	1			1	1	3
30 37	F						0
60-69	M	1	1	,		A	2
00 09	F			1	1		- 2
70+	М	1	1				2
701	F					1	1
Total Annual Driver	s Involved	16	22	7	12	15	72

Drivers Involved in Reported	Crashes	By Vehicle	Туре			
Vehicle Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Compact Car	1				2	3
Mid-Size Car	-	2		3	2	7
Passenger Car	3	6	4	3		16
Large Car		1	2		1	4
Mid-Size Wagon					2	2
Small Pickup		2		1		3
Pickup	4	5	2	2		13
Standard Pickup	3	3		3	6	15
SUV	1			1	1	3
Van	1			1	1	3
Truck/Tractor	3	1				4
Other		1	1			2
Total Annual Vehicles Involved	16	21	9	14	15	75



Drivers In	volved in Reported	Crashes:	By Direction	on of Trav	el and In	tent	
Dir Trvl	Intent	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Go Straight				1		1
	Overtake		,				0
	Slow/Stop	÷					0
EB -	Remain Stop		1				1
-	Left Turn						0
·	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight		1			and the second	1
-	Overtake						0
WB -	Slow/Stop						0
WB -	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn		1				1
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	1	4	3	2	2	12
	Overtake						0
NB -	Slow/Stop	3					3
IND -	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn						. 0
_	Right Turn		1	1			2
	Go Straight	6	6	3	4	6	25
_	Overtake		1		1		2
CD -	Slow/Stop	. 2	3	1	1	3	10
SB -	Remain Stop	1	1		1	1	4
	Left Turn	3	2	1	4	2	12
	Right Turn					1	1
Total Anni	ual Drivers Involved	16	21	9	14	15	<b>7</b> 5

Reported Crashes By Type						
Crash Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Head On	1					1
Rear End	3	3	3	. 3	6	18
Right Angle		2				2
Left Turn		1				1
Sideswipe	1	2		2		5
Animal-Vehicle	·			1		1
Fixed Object				1		1
Overturn	2	1	1			4
Other	2	2	1	2	1	8
Total Annual Reported Crashes	9	11	5	9	7	41



Reported Crash Rate Per Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (MVMT) for Roadway Segment			
Roadway Segment Length in Milęs	0.59		
Total Number of Reported Crashes for Years 2003 Through 2007	14		
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	8,108		
Overall Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis			

Reported Crash Severity Index for Roadway Segment  Reported Crash Severity Rate Per MVMT for Roadway Segment			
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50		
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50		
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes in Roadway Segment	8		
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	6		
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes in Roadway Segment	0		
Overall Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis			

Reported Crash Rate Involving Trucks Per MVM for Roadway Segment	1.90
Roadway Segment Length in Miles	0.59
Total Number of Reported Crashes Involving Trucks for Years 2003 Through 2007	2
Estimated Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic (ADTT)	973
Percentage Truck Traffic of ADT Based on 2008 Traffic Counts	12%
Weighted Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT) Reported by MDT	8,108
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Reported Crash Rate Analysis	alaan waxa saabaasa sa

Reported Crash Severity Rate Involving Trucks Per MVMT for Roadway Segment					
Reported Crash Severity Index Involving Trucks for Roadway Segment					
Property Damage Only Crash Severity Index Factor	1.00				
Non-Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	3.50				
Fatal Injury Crash Severity Index Factor	9.50				
Total Number of Reported Property Damage Only Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0				
Total Number of Reported Non-Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	2				
Total Number of Reported Fatal Injury Crashes Involving Trucks in Roadway Segment	0				
Truck Traffic Roadway Segment Crash Severity Analysis					



Reported Crashes By Time o	f Day					
Hour Beginning and Ending	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
12:00 a.m 3:00 a.m.			,	1		1
3:00 a.m 6:00 a.m.						. 0
6:00 a.m 9:00 a.m.			2	1	1	4
9:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.			1			1
12:00 p.m 3:00 p.m.			1	1	1	3
3:00 p.m 6:00 p.m.		1	2	1		4
6:00 p.m 9:00 p.m.						0
9:00 p.m 12:00 a.m.	1					1
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14

Reported Crashes By Day of	Week					
Day of Week	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Monday				2		2
Tuesday		1	1			2
Wednesday			1			1
Thursday	1			1	1	3
Friday			2	1		3
Saturday					1	1
Sunday			2			2
<b>Total Annual Reported Crashes</b>	1	1	6	4	2	14

Reported Crashes By Month	of Year					
Month of Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
January			2			2
February					1	1
March						0
April			1			1
May			,			0
June						0
July				1		1
August			1	1	1	3
September		1	1	1		3
October			·			0
November			1	1	•	2
December	1					1
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14



Reported	Crashes By Road a	nd Weath	er Condit	ions			
Weather	Road	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
	Dry			3	4		7
•	Wet						0
Clear	Snow/Slush		•				0
•	Ice						0
·	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry		1	1			2
•	Wet			1			1
Cloudy	Snow/Slush						0
	Ice			1		1	2
·	Sand/Mud/Dirt						_ 0
	Dry						0
Choul	Wet						0
Snow/ Rain	Snow/Slush						0
Nain	Ice	1					1
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
	Dry			·		1	1
	Wet						0
Fog	Snow/Slush						0 .
-	Ice						0
	Sand/Mud/Dirt						0
Total Annu	ual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14

Reported Crashes By Light C	onditions					
Lighting Conditions	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Dawn						0
Dusk						0
Daylight		1	.5	3	2	11
Dark - Lighted						0
Dark - Not Lighted	1		1	1		3
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14

Reported Crashes Involving	injuries/D	amage				
Injury/Damage	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Fatal Injury						0
Non-Fatal Injury			2	3	1	6
Property Damage Only	1	1	4	1	1	8
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14



Drivers Involved in	Reported	Crashes	By Age Gr	oup and	Sex		
Age Group	Sex	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
15-24	М				1		1
13-24	F		1	2			3
25-29	М			3	. 1	1	5
23-23	F			1	1		2
30-34	М			1	2		3
J0 J+	F		1			1	2
35-39	М			2			2
	F						0
40-49	M				1	2	3
. 10 15	F	1					1
50-59	M				2		2
30 33	F						0
60-69	М	1		1			2
	F						0
70+	М				. 44		0
	F						0
Total Annual Driver	s Involved	2	2	10	8	4	26

Drivers Involved in Reported	Crashes:	By Vehicle	е Туре			
Vehicle Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Compact Car			1	1	1	3
Mid-Size Car					1	1
Passenger Car	2	2	3			7
Large Car			1	1		2
Mid-Size Wagon			:			0
Small Pickup						0
Pickup			1			1
Standard Pickup			4	1	1	6
SUV				1		1
Van				2	1	3
Truck/Tractor				2		2
Other						0
Total Annual Vehicles Involved	2	2	10	8	4	26



Drivers In	volved in Reported	Crashes	By Directi	on of Trav	el and In	tent	
Dir Trvl	Intent	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
- EB - -	Go Straight		1	2	1	2	6
	Overtake					1	1
	Slow/Stop			2		1	3
	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn	1	1		2		4
	Right Turn						0
	Go Straight	1		.2	5		8
·	Overtake						0
WB -	Slow/Stop			2			2
	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn			1			1
	Right Turn			1			1
NB —	Go Straight				,		0
	Overtake						0
	Slow/Stop						0
	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
SB -	Go Straight						0
	Overtake						0
	Slow/Stop						0
	Remain Stop						0
	Left Turn						0
	Right Turn						0
Total Ann	ual Drivers Involved	2	2	10	8	4	26

Reported Crashes By Type						
Crash Type	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Total
Head On			1			1
Rear End		1	2	1	1	5
Right Angle			1			1
Left Turn	1			1		2
Sideswipe				1	1	2
Animal-Vehicle			1			1
Fixed Object				1		1
Overturn						0
Other			1			1
Total Annual Reported Crashes	1	1	6	4	2	14



### Montana Department of Transportation

2701 Prospect Avenue PO Box 201001 Helena MT 59620-1001 Jim Lynatı, Director

Brian Schweitzer, Governor

April 18, 2008

Jeny Ricc TMC, Inc. PO Box 69 Belgrade MT 59714

Subject:

Morgan Family Gravel Pit - US 191

MDT File No. 65.71.516.01 Traffic Impact Study Comments

Dear Mr. Ricc

The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) staff has reviewed the Traffic Impact Study (TIS) dated February 2008 for the above referenced gravel pit. We have the following comments:

#### Traffic Comments

- A southbound left turn lane must be constructed on US 191 at this intersection. This left turn lane is required as US 191 is a high speed facility and the trucks accessing the gravel pit require large gaps when turning left. This left turn lane must be designed to MDT standards.
- A northbound deceleration lane on US 191 must be constructed at this intersection for the right turning movements. The lane must be designed as an 18:1 tapered slip ramp and meet MDT standards for design.
- O A northbound acceleration lanc on US 191 must be constructed at this intersection for gravel trucks making a right turn and heading north on US 191. This acceleration will allow trucks heading north to accelerate to speed without affecting northbound through traffic. This acceleration lane must be designed to MDT standards.

### Coordinating Comments

- MDT will require you to submit design plans for the left turn lane and the deceleration lane for MDT review, comment, and if appropriate approval. The review and approval of design plans may take multiple iterations.
- Once the design is approved, MDT will require you to enter into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) that details your responsibilities for mitigating impacts to US:191
- You will need to provide full time construction inspection and certification during construction by qualified staff. You will need to provide construction inspection

reports upon MDT request during construction and will need to provide all construction inspections reports upon completion of the project. The MDT District Office will assign staff to provide construction inspection oversight.

o MDT cannot issue the approach permit until all other environmental clearances are obtained for the proposed gravel pit.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, or need additional information, please contact me at (406) 444-9456 or email at <u>jriley@mt.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Jean A. Riley, P.E., System Impact Coordinator

Program and Policy Analysis

Rail, Transit and Planning Division

Copies:

Jeff Ebert, P.E., Butte District Administrator

Lee Alt, P.E., Butte Traffic Engineer

Joe Zody, Right of Way

Danielle Bolan, P.E., Traffic Engineer

Jim Skinner, Rail, Transit & Planning Division

Neil Harrington, DEQ Industrial & Energy Mineral Bureau

File



#### Montana Department of Transportation

Jim Lynch, Director Brian Schweitzer, Governor

2701 Prospect Avenue PO Box 201001 Helena MT 59620-1001

RECEIVED "" 3 0 2006

July 29, 2008

Tom Eastwood, PE Morrison Maierle, Inc. PO Box 1113 Bozeman MT 59771

Subject:

Morgan Family Gravel Pit - US 191

MDT File No. 65.71.516.01 Response to July 11, 2008 letter

Dear Mr. Eastwood,

The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) staff has reviewed your letter dated July 11, 2008. MDT requirements for the mitigation remain, as previously stated. These mitigation requirements must be met before MDT will approve a change in use for the deeded approach.

The information provided in your letter does not address our concern for maintaining a safe facility for the traveling public. As stated in my letter to Mr. Rice dated April 18, 2008 (copy attached), the requirements for the southbound left turn lane, northbound acceleration, and northbound deceleration lanes are the mitigation for the proposed approach.

MDT reviews site conditions on a case by case basis when access to the State's facilities is requested. Each approach location is reviewed and the decisions are based on site conditions, traffic information, and the proposed development. Each individual approach location is reviewed on its own merits.

Please refer to the Coordinated Comments in the April 18, 2008 letter for the next steps in MDT's review process. If you have any questions, please contact me at <u>jriley@mt.gov</u> or (406) 444-9456.

Sincerely,

Jean A. Riley, P.E., Transportation Planning Engineer

Program and Policy Analysis

Rail, Transit & Planning Division

Attachment: April 18, 2008 letter

Copies:

Jim Lynch – Director

Sandra Straehl - Administrator Rail Tranist & Planning Division

Loran Frazier, P.E. – Chief Engineer

Jeff Ebert, P.E. – Butte District Administrator

Lee Alt – Butte Traffic Engineer Joe Zody – Right of Way Bureau Danielle Bolan, P.E. - Traffic Engineer

Jim Skinner – Rail Transit & Planning Division

Neil Harrington – DEQ Industrial & Energy Mineral Bureau

Jerry Rice, TMC, Inc.

File



2701 Prospect Avenue PO Box 201001 Helena MT 59620-1001 Brian Schweitzer, Governor

April 18, 2008

Jerry Rice TMC, Inc. PO Box 69 Belgrade MT 59714

Subject:

Morgan Family Gravel Pit – US 191

MDT File No. 65.71.516.01 Traffic Impact Study Comments

Dear Mr. Rice

The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) staff has reviewed the Traffic Impact Study (TIS) dated February 2008 for the above referenced gravel pit. We have the following comments:

#### Traffic Comments

- O A southbound left turn lane must be constructed on US 191 at this intersection. This left turn lane is required as US 191 is a high speed facility and the trucks accessing the gravel pit require large gaps when turning left. This left turn lane must be designed to MDT standards.
- O A northbound deceleration lane on US 191 must be constructed at this intersection for the right turning movements. The lane must be designed as an 18:1 tapered slip ramp and meet MDT standards for design.
- O A northbound acceleration lane on US 191 must be constructed at this intersection for gravel trucks making a right turn and heading north on US 191. This acceleration will allow trucks heading north to accelerate to speed without affecting northbound through traffic. This acceleration lane must be designed to MDT standards.

### **Coordinating Comments**

- o MDT will require you to submit design plans for the left turn lane and the deceleration lane for MDT review, comment, and if appropriate approval. The review and approval of design plans may take multiple iterations.
- Once the design is approved, MDT will require you to enter into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) that details your responsibilities for mitigating impacts to US 191.
- You will need to provide full time construction inspection and certification during construction by qualified staff. You will need to provide construction inspection